MODERN APPROACH TO EDUCATION BASED ON PEDAGOGICAL TECHNOLOGIES

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Annotation. The article covers educational technology, educational technology, production technology, ancient education technology, course technology, ancient education, classical traditional education, modern traditional education, modern education, opinions on the content and essence of developmental education are stated. Definitions of course technology and modern education are given.

Keywords. Modern education, pedagogical technology, types of education, educational technology.

Introduction: Pedagogical technology has existed since the dawn of time. Only this term was introduced to science in 1970 by the Japanese scientist T.Cakamote. In his view, pedagogical technology (teaching technology) is a field of knowledge related to the system of behaviors that ensure the acceptability of teaching.

As long as there is understanding, there will be a definition. In mathematics, for example, each concept is defined and ends with the word "called." For example, "Numbers used for counting are called natural numbers" or "Two points on a straight line and the set of all points between them are called intersections," and so on. These are standard definitions.

Main part: The concept of "pedagogical technology" has been defined by hundreds of organizations and scholars, but there is no standard definition. In particular, the international organization UNESCO, the American Association of Pedagogical Communications and Technologies, scientists Friedman, Palchevsky, Ilin, VPBespalko, NFTalizina, VMMonakhov, MVKlarin, LVGolish, N.Saidahmedov, M.Ochilov, B.Ziyomuhammedov, GK Definitions are given by GSAlikhodjaeva.

The essence of these definitions can be understood as a project designed to ensure the effectiveness of the whole field of education, or a small part of it, and its implementation in certain conditions, with the help of the human factor and the necessary tools.

In order to produce a product in a factory, first of all, its design is developed. The project will be an interconnected, multi-part structure. At the plant, the process is based on the algorithm of the project parts. This process is called manufacturing technology.

The Law of the Republic of Uzbekistan "On the National Training Program", adopted in 1997, is a unique project of education in the country, the implementation of which is integrated into the education system and created educational technology.

According to the resolution of the select meeting of President Shavkat Mirziyoyev with public educators on August 23, 2019, the subject "Education" will be taught in secondary schools from the 2020-2021 academic year. His program is a project. This program is based on the "Educational Technology".

Similarly, a technology lesson is one that covers all aspects of the learning situation, with a clear purpose, preconceived notions, in a strict sequence, in the right manner and place from information and communication technology tools and interactive methods. lesson plan (abstract) designed taking into account the integrated use, as a result of active cooperation of teacher-student, student-student, ensuring that each student has a guaranteed knowledge at the nearest level of intellectual development) and its application.

In short, all educational technologies are called pedagogical technologies under one name.

We know ancient, traditional and modern forms of education.

The main idea of our ancient book, the Avesto, was "Good Thought, Good Word, Good Deed," and it taught young people to read fluently and then to write beautifully, and to turn them into wise men.

In ancient times, our ancestors taught their children in madrassas. For example, Sheikh Muhammad Sadiq Muhammad Yusuf's televised lectures on "Gifts of Ramadan 2020" show that the 1000th anniversary of the founding of the universities of the Islamic world was celebrated internationally 20 years ago. It will take another 800 years to celebrate the millennium of the oldest universities in Europe.

Madrassas also had their own teaching technology. The Qur'an is divided into sections according to its content, and the technology of "chorus repetition" has been used effectively in teaching them. For example, when Ibn Sina memorized the Qur'an at the age of 10 in a madrasa, he studied the law, that is, the teachings of the Shari'ah, arithmetic (mathematics), philosophy, logic, medicine, and the natural sciences. So, the training was done in 7 stages.

Traditional education dates back to the 17th century, when Jan Amos Comenius (1592-1670). Traditional education is further divided into two categories: "Classical Traditional Education" and, from the twentieth century, "Modern Traditional Education".

"Classical traditional education" means that the teacher teaches students the prescribed teaching materials, which they can learn in a quiet way, to apply the acquired knowledge to perform practical homework. and be able to work independently with the book. This science is called didochography in science.

"Modern traditional education" means teaching with a complex use of didactography, information and communication technologies and interactive methods.

The question then is, what is modern education? Here is a symbolic example. The foolish wolf, not by putting his little ones to bed or sitting, but by their very nature, educates them in games, struggles, and ensures their survival. A smart person requires children to sit quietly in the family and in the classroom. By nature, we define "modern education."

Modern education is a complex use of information and communication technologies and interactive methods in the classroom, aimed at the more independent acquisition of knowledge based on the interaction of activities and planned by nature, each of which, armed with the knowledge of the nearest intellectual development level, the application of this knowledge in a changing environment is said to be an education that guarantees the formation of practical skills and competencies.

Conclusion: We are committed to teaching each student to differentiate between the two levels of intellectual development.

1st degree. The true level of intellectual development of the student. In this case, the student will be able to complete assignments independently without any external assistance.

Level 2. The closest level of intellectual development of the student. In doing so, the student completes assignments with little outside help, such as books, people around him, or the Internet.

Symbolically, a student's level of intellectual development can be explained as follows.

The first level can be compared to a car that gets stuck in the mud and its wheels spin incessantly but do not cover the distance.

The second level can be compared to a car that is covered in mud and then walks away after a little protection.

A second condition is definitely necessary for life. Therefore, it is useful to teach in the classroom, taking into account the level of intellectual development of the student. Because the student will be able to do the work that he did not do yesterday, the next day on his own. In every lesson organized in this way, the level of intellectual development of each student gradually increases. This is called developmental education.

Developmental education will ensure the effectiveness of the training required by our President. As a result, the country will have a modern and competitive workforce.

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