

THE ROLE OF UZBEKISTAN YOUTH IN POLITICAL PROCESSES DURING GLOBALIZATION

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Abstract:

In this article, the author tried to analyze various events taking place in youth policy and political processes in Uzbekistan as a participant.

Keywords: geo-economic, geopolitical, geostrategic, globalization, immunity, integration, reforms, communication, corporation, denomination, locomotive, ideology, reconstruction, politics, strategy, position, civilization.

Uzbekistan is a country that has been a bridge to ancient and rich civilizations, has created thousands of historical and spiritual treasures, and made a unique contribution to world civilization. It is developing as an entity with various underground and surface mineral resources. Today, 2238 religious organizations belonging to 16 religious denominations are operating in Uzbekistan. The population is more than 37 million, and representatives of more than 130 nationalities live there. Uzbekistan, which is gaining a special place in the world community, relied on these criteria in its internal and foreign policy. The development of society on the path of democracy and the success of reforms are directly related to the level of people's consciousness and culture. Everyone knows that our people, like the peoples of the world, faced a number of problems and concerns of the development period, witnessed and participated in many historical puzzles. In the current era, the globalization process is rapidly developing, forcing all the surrounding participants to submit to its flow, some to its vortex, and others to its original purpose. Unfortunately, it turns out that most of the participants are not immune to such blows. The reason is that at the beginning of this process, many people did not understand such situations fundamentally, they did not expect that the events would develop in such a way.

We all know that the process of globalization was manifested in the form of the expansion of global financial organizations during the period of economic integration of the world countries, when transnational corporations strengthened their influence. They began to enter the political arena in the developed countries of the world as the main leading force in these processes. In such cases, it began to serve their interests and found its proof in the law "On State Policy Regarding Youth".

Today, the process of globalization has fundamentally changed the structure of the world as a result of its impact on the whole of humanity, the internal and external relations between countries, the development of the life of peoples and nations, and the traditional values that have been serving humanity are slowly fading away, leading humanity into a vortex of mutual conflicts, impoverishing spirituality, and eventually in the end, it exerts its binding influence on the formation of new "values" that ultimately lead to tragedies.

It is known from time immemorial that each country has its own path of development depending on its geopolitical, geoeconomic and geostrategic situation. From the first days of independence, one of the main goals of the people of Uzbekistan was to establish a democratic legal state. In order to achieve

these goals, the leadership of the Republic, in agreement with the people, defined its development strategy clearly and clearly. On the way to their goals, young people of Uzbekistan are consistently trying to acquire knowledge in the fields of science and education, employment, medicine, sports, infrastructure, production, and public administration.

On the initiative of President Sh.M. Mirziyoyev, the process of integration between the Academy of Sciences and higher education was started. In the era of new Uzbekistan, the process of educating young people in political sciences along with all other subjects has changed radically. The process of involving all students and young people in political processes in the country has begun. Concepts of transparency, openness, freedom of speech, creative thinking, and innovation have emerged in the country.

At the initiative of President Sh.M. Mirziyoyev, fundamental changes and reforms were initiated in higher educational institutions. The quality of teaching students has changed in general, the workload of professors has been revised separately. Based on the proposal of President Sh.M. Mirziyoyev, many textbooks are being redeveloped. Some subjects were completely excluded from the curriculum. New modern residential facilities are being built for young students. Nowadays, the mindset of young people is changing radically. The special socio-spiritual image of young people is determined by the general state of society, the laws of socialization, and educational opportunities.

In the era of globalization, the attitude of young people to political processes is changing, the possibilities of young people's participation in any political processes have partially expanded, and young people have become immune to the ideas of the environment. It is known to everyone that political education is one of the integral parts of scientific education in the present era. This indicator is one of the main signs during the implementation of the process of building a legal and political state in the initial part of the globalization period.

It is known that the main and primary element of the ideological immune system is knowledge. This requires young people to look at the events with open eyes, correctly assess the moral threats and dangers that are growing stronger in the process of globalization, and draw appropriate conclusions and lessons from them. The scientific and spiritual environment surrounding them, as well as the created conditions and opportunities, have a special place in the healthy growth of young people.

That's why, in the mind of the young generation, there should not be a one-sided idea about the complex and dangerous life, about its cruel games. At the present time, in a situation where deep changes are taking place in the geopolitical, economic and social, information and communication landscape of the world, and in a situation where the conflict of different ideologies is becoming acute, it is clear to all of us that it is more important than ever to fight with thought against thought, idea against idea, and enlightenment against ignorance. earns.

At the same time, if young people have a complete culture of information consumption, they will not be affected by such negative and biased games, because they will have a strong ideological immunity to such political games. Today, it is the demand of the times to implement educational activities aimed at strengthening the foundations of national thinking, a healthy worldview in the hearts of young people, raising them to be strong-willed, selfless and patriotic people who are able to have their own opinion and stand firm against various spiritual aggressions.

President Sh.M. Mirziyoyev personally appealed to compatriots studying abroad and working in that country and invited them to return to their homeland. He considered their problems, life concerns, the issue of providing work and living space and positively resolved existing complex issues. From the day

our republic gained independence, special attention was paid to the heritage created by our ancestors, all existing knowledge, and the development of culture. New modern facilities were built in higher educational institutions and reconstruction works were carried out in all educational buildings. All kinds of modern machines, teaching-laboratory equipment and necessary educational equipment were brought from developed countries. Many areas related to the educational process have been modernized. The corresponding main building and auxiliary parts, auditoriums and teaching-laboratory rooms have been radically changed in accordance with the requirements of the times. Millions of foreign investments began to be attracted to the fields of education, medicine and sports. Large funds have been borrowed from the World Bank, the Asian Bank and the Islamic Development Bank and are being attracted to the above-mentioned sectors.

Qualified professors and teachers of many high-ranking higher education institutions in the world are involved in the teaching processes of the higher educational institutions of New Uzbekistan. He teaches students through scientific seminars and practical training in cooperation with qualified teachers. The professors and teachers of the higher educational institution use their scientific experience effectively in their practical work. Educational literature related to the educational process is re-examined and replaced by new types of literature.

Thousands of professors and teachers, scientific workers, hundreds of students and masters are returning after improving their qualifications in foreign higher educational institutions. On the initiative of our head of state, joint educational programs were created with many foreign higher education institutions, and effective cooperation with them has been established now. Today, such actions are gradually showing their positive results.

For this reason, the following verses have a special meaning in the recommendation given by the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan Sh.M. Mirziyoev to the youth, that is, value science, strive for science! Don't waste a second of your time! Youth is the most precious period of life. Never forget that science and knowledge are wealth that cannot be burned in the fire, cannot sink in the water, and no one can take it away from you.

Effective use of higher education specialists in the fight against ideological actions aimed at poisoning the minds of the youth of our country and making them spiritually dependent is the need of the hour. The role of the effective work of our great thinkers-scientists in ideological education of young people, formation of ideological immunity in them, respect for values, customs and traditions is incomparable, and their role in youth education is of great importance. Even one of our great thinkers, Abu Nasr Farabi, in his philosophical and historical views, paid great attention to the study of the psyche, material and spiritual world of people. All pedagogues are actively involved in raising young people to become spiritually mature people.

In the period of ensuring the execution of these tasks, pedagogues-teachers actively participate in the integration processes in the field of science, while working diligently. All of us must be active in the educational policy aimed at the political-spiritual growth of young people, and we will have to be participants with new knowledge and practical suggestions. In such cases, it is not polite to sit in the reserve as a "defender".

The country's development strategy is implemented depending on the confidence of young people in the state management system, changes in the state education policy, the state policy on ensuring youth employment, the level of participation in political parties and state management. This indicator, in turn,

is one of the factors that show the country's place and role in international relations. As long as the implementation of the above-mentioned factors is not raised to the level of state policy or the irresponsibility of some leaders in its implementation is not eliminated, the development and progress of our country will become empty ideas that cannot be realized.

If the participation of the youth of New Uzbekistan in socio-political processes is not ensured and a sense of confidence in the state policy is not created, the strategy of New Uzbekistan and the development strategy in 2022-2026, which are being launched in our country, may resemble unrealized and ineffective activities, empty ideas and actions. In order to inspire young people for the future, it would be appropriate to familiarize them with the works of representatives of theater, art and other fields operating in our country, to explain that it is the demand of the time to show their work as an example, and to make this the main topic.

It is well known that the concept of tolerance among young people plays an important role in the era of globalization. It will be appropriate to consider tolerance as the main motivation in the process of forming a flow of positive ideas in life and in the process of mutual cooperation of young people. In fact, tolerance is one of the ancient, historical traditions characteristic of the mentality of the Uzbek people. During the period of summarizing and evaluating the activities carried out in the field of youth policy, as well as deepening the democratic reforms that are being carried out in our country based on the demand of tomorrow. "Every time I meet our young people, I get strength from your enthusiasm, my heart rises like a mountain. I know very well that each of you is burning with the dream of serving our country and people. I appreciate you as the greatest wealth, priceless treasure of Uzbekistan," said Shavkat Mirziyoev in his speech.

The development of the globalization process and the problems arising under its influence are reflected in the consciousness, outlook and thinking of today's youth. As a result of their involvement in political processes, it allows to stop the tendency to use them for nefarious purposes. These problems are not caused by young people participating in political processes, but by evil forces. Outsiders are effectively taking advantage of the enthusiasm, activism and lack of political experience of the youth.

It is appropriate to take into account a certain age level when attracting young people to participate in political processes. For example, in Great Britain, the age of participation of young people in public administration is 24 years. Because at this age, young people enter the state management system as a person who has graduated from a higher education institution, knows what his role is in life, has his own position in social and political processes, has a broad outlook and creative thinking. Participates in the law-making process of the country as a person who can express his personal opinion and does not change his point of view.

In conclusion, it should be said that the most dangerous aspect of such a process is that evil forces and supporters of illegal movements in society involve young people in negative processes in a mass way. As a result of this, instead of values such as tolerance and honoring the human being present in our youth, the process of forming evil feelings in the mind and spirit of the young generation is taking place. We have to emphasize that it is no secret that it is extremely dangerous for young people to be involved in such reformation processes at a time when they do not have enough political consciousness, political culture and life experience. Because the massive participation of young people in these processes will not only lead to long-term political instability in the country, irreparable tragedies in the future, it has been proven as a sad event in the life of some countries of the world. In the event of these events, it will

become an urgent task to develop the political culture of the population of Uzbekistan and to curb negative processes, making full use of the opportunities of globalization at the world level. Today, said the President of Uzbekistan Sh.M. Mirziyoyev, there are many young people who are an example to their peers and are actively participating in the process of social renewal. With such brave young men and women, the Uzbek people will never be inferior and will not succumb to the tricks of "unacceptable" political games of foreigners. We believe that our young people are at the forefront of life as locomotives with good ideas.

To sum up, it should be said that for young people to participate in social and political processes, it is necessary to have sufficiently high political consciousness, knowledge and culture, as well as intellectual potential in this field. Because our youth is the main strategic resource that contributes to the development of the country. As long as the youth are not involved in the state management and political processes in time, creative and innovative ideas in this country will remain outside the group of factors that guide the development of the country.

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